We claim:

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1. A peptide comprising an agonist of a native sequence:

YLSGANLNL (Seq. ID No: 1)

123456789;

wherein the agonist has at least one amino acid substitution at a non-MHC anchor position of SEQ ID NO: 1 and said agonist has enhanced immunogenicity compared to the native sequence.

- 2. The peptide according to claim 1 wherein the agonist varies in an amino acid substitution at position 6 from Seq. ID No: 1.
- 3. The peptide according to claim 1 wherein the agonist varies in an amino acid substitution at position 7 from Seq. ID No: 1.
- 4. The peptide according to claim 1 wherein the agonist varies in an amino acid substitution at position 6 and position 7 from Seq. ID No: 1.
  - 5. The peptide according to claim 1 comprising an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: YLSGADLNL (Seq. ID No: 2), YLSGADINL (Seq. ID No: 3), YLSGANINL (Seq. ID No: 4), YLSGACLNL (Seq. ID No: 5), and combinations thereof.
  - 6. A peptide consisting of the amino acid sequence YLSGADLNL (Seq. ID No: 2), YLSGADINL (Seq. ID No: 3), or YLSGANINL (Seq. ID No: 4), YLSGACLNL (Seq. ID No: 5).
- 7. A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one peptide according to any of claims 1 through 6 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
  - 8. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 7 further comprising an immunostimulatory molecule.
  - 9. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 8 wherein the immunostimulatory molecule is selected from the group consisting of IL-2, B7.1, B7.2, ICAM-1,

LFA-3, CD72, GM-CSF, TNFα, INFγ, IL-12, IL-6 and combinations thereof.

- 10. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 7 further comprising an HLA class I molecule or a cell expressing an HLA class I molecule.
- 11. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 7 further comprising a chemotherapeutic drug, antibiotic, antiviral drug, antifungal drug, or cyclophosphamide.
- 12. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 7 further comprising an adjuvant.
  - 13. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 12 wherein the adjuvant is selected from the group consisting of alum, incomplete Freund's adjuvant, QS21, and Ribi-Detox. TM.
- 14. A peptide-immunoglobulin conjugate comprising the peptide according to any of claims 1 through 6 and an immunoglobulin molecule.
  - 15. The pharmaceutical composition according to claim 7 wherein the peptide is incorporated into a liposome.
  - 16. A peptide-carrier molecule conjugate comprising the peptide according to claim 1 conjugated to a carrier molecule.
- wherein the carrier molecule is selected from the group consisting of influenza peptide, tetanus toxoid, tetanus toxoid-CD4 epitope, Pseudomonas exotoxin A, poly-L-lysine, a lipid tail and an endoplasmic reticulum signal sequence.
  - 18. A kit comprising the agonist peptide

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according to claim 1 and a vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding CEA.

- 19. The kit according to claim 18 further comprising an immunostimulatory molecule.
- 20. An isolated DNA comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding the peptide according to any of claims 1 through 6.
- 21. An isolated DNA encoding a peptide comprising the amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: Seq. ID No: 2, Seq. ID No: 3, Seq. ID No: 4, Seq. ID No: 5, and combinations thereof.
- 22. An isolated DNA comprising a nucleotide sequence of SEQ. ID No: 7 or 8.
  - 23. A vector comprising the DNA of claims 20, 21 or 22.
- 24. The vector according to claim 23 wherein the vector is an <u>E</u>.

  15 <u>coli</u> plasmid, a Listeria vector, an orthopox virus, avipox virus, capripox virus, suipox virus, vaccinia virus, baculovirus, human adenovirus, SV40 or bovine papilloma virus.
  - 25. The vector according to claims 23 or 24 further comprising a nucleotide sequence encoding at least one HLA class I molecule.
    - 26. A host cell comprising the vector according to claim 23.
  - 27. The host cell according to claim 26 wherein the host cell additionally expresses an HLA class I molecule.
    - 28. The host cell according to claim 26 wherein the host cell is an antigen presenting cell.
- 29. The host cell according to claim 28 wherein the host cell is a dendritic cell.

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- 30. A method for treating a host having a tumor expressing CEA or epitope thereof comprising introducing cytotoxic T lymphocytes specific for CEA or epitope thereof to the host and at a periodic interval thereafter introducing to the host at least one agonist peptide according to any of claims 1 through 6.
- 31. The method according to claim 30 wherein the peptide comprises the amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of: Seq ID Nos: 2, 3, 4, 5 and combinations thereof.
- 32. A method of inhibiting a CEA epitope-expressing carcinoma cells in a patient comprising administering to said patient an effective amount of the peptide according to any of claims 1 through 6.
  - 33. The method according to claim 32 further comprising administration of at least one immunostimulatory molecule.
- 34. The method according to claim 33 wherein the immunostimulatory molecule is selected from the group consisting of IL-2, B7.1, B7.2, ICAM-1, LFA-3, CD72, GM-CSF, TNFα, INFγ, IL-12, IL-6 and combinations thereof.
- 35. The method according to claim 32 further comprising administration of an adjuvant.
  - 36. The method according to claim 32 wherein the carcinoma cell is gastrointestinal, breast, pancreatic, bladder, ovarian, lung, or prostate carcinoma cells.
  - 37. The method according to claim 32 further comprising the administration of a vector comprising the gene encoding CEA.
- 25 38. A method of inhibiting or killing CEA epitope-expressing carcinoma cells comprising:

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A)	generating CEA epitope or agonist peptide-specific cytotoxic T
	lymphocytes in vitro by stimulation of lymphocytes from a
	source with an effective amount of an agonist peptide according
	to any of claims 1 through 6 alone or in combination with an
	immunostimulatory molecule; and

- B) adoptively transferring the CEA epitope or agonist peptidespecific cytotoxic T lymphocytes alone or in combination with the agonist peptide into a mammal in an amount sufficient to inhibit or kill the CEA epitope expressing carcinoma cells.
- 39. A method of inhibiting or killing CEA epitope-expressing carcinoma cells in a mammal comprising:
  - A) generating CEA epitope or agonist peptide-specific cytotoxic T lymphocytes in vivo by administration of an effective amount of a agonist peptide according to any of claims-1 through 6, an effective amount of a vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence encoding CEA or agonist peptide pulsed antigen presenting cells; and
  - B) at a periodic interval providing the agonist peptide according to any of claims 1 through 6 alone or in combination with an adjuvant;

    wherein the CEA epitope or agonist peptide-specific cytotoxic T lymphocytes so generated inhibit or kill CEA epitope-expressing carcinoma cells.
  - 40. A peptide comprising an antagonist of a

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native sequence: YLSGANLNL (Seq. ID No: 1) wherein the antagonist has at least one amino acid substitution at a non-MHC anchor position of SEQ. ID No: 1 and the antagonist inhibits CEA-specific immune responses.

- 41. A pharmaceutical composition comprising the peptide according to claim 40 and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.
- 42. A method of inhibiting CEA-specific immune responses comprising administration of the peptide according to claim 40 in an amount effective to inhibit the CEA-specific immune responses.
- 43. The method according to claim 42 wherein cytotoxic T lymphocytes specific for CEA or epitopes thereof are inhibited.
- 44. A peptide-pulsed cell comprising an antigen presenting cell pulsed with a peptide according to any of claims 1 through 6.
- 15 45. The peptide-pulsed cell according to claim 44 wherein the antigen presenting cell is selected from the group consisting of dendritic cell, B lymphocyte, monocyte and macrophage.

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